

# TESTUDO PLURI MINERAL TESTUDO PLURI

MULTI-LAYER COMPOSITE POLYMER-BITUMEN WATERPROOFING MEMBRANE





## PROBLEM

These polymer-bitumen membranes consist of a reinforcement, generally non-woven polyester fabric and/or glass felt, impregnated and coated with a single mixture made of distilled bitumen with the addition of two different types of polymers, usually classified in two large categories as APP-modified bitumen membranes and SBS-modified bitumen membranes.

The APP-modified bitumen membranes have a high level of heat resistance and can be directly exposed to sunlight, whereas the SBS-modified bitumen membranes, considerably more elastic and flexible even at low temperatures, soften at a lower temperature than the

## 2 SOLUTION

**TESTUDO PLURI** is a composite waterproofing membrane with diversified mixtures of multi-layer polymer bitumen in which the reinforcement is impregnated with SBS-bitumen.

The lower layer in contact with the laying surface is also made of SBS-modified bitumen, while the upper layer consists of elastoplastomeric APP-modified bitumen. The elastomeric mixture of the lower side possesses

very high ultimate elongation, and excellent resistance to ageing. The elastoplastomeric mixture which makes up the

protective layer of the upper side of the sheet is UVresistant, supplemented with thermal shock stabilisers and has a high softening point.

**TESTUDO PLURI** is reinforced with a special nonwoven polyester composite prefabricated fabric



TESTUDO PLURI's resistance to ageing is guaranteed by the upper APP-bitumen layer

others and, being sensitive to UV rays, must be protected with flakes or mineral granules in exposed waterproof coverings .

In most cases the fields of use for the two categories of membrane are the same, except that SBS- modified bitumen membranes are preferred for particularly cold climates or where high elasticity is required, and APPmodified bitumen membranes are better for applications in hot climates and where a visible covering is required with a smooth upper side, without mineral protection. Traditional production techniques allow membranes with a unique waterproofing mass to be manufactured.

INDEX research has developed an innovative technology to produce a composite membrane (reinforced with

#### stabilised with glass fibre.

The glass fibre ensures the dimensional stability of the membrane when hot and considerably reduces its shrinkage, a negative feature of normal polyester nonwoven fabric reinforcements.

The polyester fibres are completely impregnated and coated with an elastomeric mixture using an exclusive procedure which guarantees absolute waterproofing, high resistance to tearing and impact.

The elastomeric layer of the lower side has excellent elasticity even at low temperatures and will therefore resist the fatigue generated by the alternating cycle of opening and closing movements of any cracks that should form on the laying surface to which the membrane is bonded. It also ensures excellent adhesion to conventional building materials, to polymer-bitumen membranes, and also to oxidised bitumen coatings and old bituminous coverings.

#### FATIGUE STRENGTH



The underside in SBS-bitumen and the continuously extruded polyester fibre reinforcement guarantee TESTUDO PLURI's excellent fatigue strength

The membrane is applied by a torch and so the lower side of **TESTUDO PLURI** is coated with Flamina, a hot-melt film with high and fast heat-shrinkage when coming into contact with heat. The upper side is coat-

ed with Texflamina, the new multifunctional textile finish made of non-woven polypropylene fabric, which is also easily melted and can be painted immediately after ap-



a composite reinforcement) with a thickness made up of several layers of different types positioned in various ways depending on the different specific uses.



- It combines the advantages of APP-modified
- bitumen with those of SBS-modified bitumen. • Longer life compared to APP- and SBS-
- bitumen membranes.
- Can be painted immediately.





т



	Standard	т	TEGHNIGAL GHANAGTERISTI TESTUDO PLURI	MINERAL TESTUDO PLURI
Reinforcement			"Non-woven" composite polyester stabilized with fibreglass	"Non-woven" composite polyester stabilized with fibreglass
Thickness	EN 1849-1	±0,2	4 mm	-
Weight MINERAL	EN 1849-1	±15%	-	4.5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>
Roll size	EN 1848-1	-1%	1×10 m	1×10 m
Watertightness <ul> <li>after ageing</li> </ul>	EN 1928 - B EN 1926-1928	2	60 kPa -	60 kPa -
Peel resistance L/T	EN 12317-1	-20%	600/400 N/50 mm	600/400 N/50 mm
Shear resistance L/T	EN 12311-1	-20%	700/500 N/50 mm	700/500 N/50 mm
Maximum tensile force L/T	EN 12311-1	-15% V.A.	40/45%	40/45%
Elongation L/T	EN 12691 - A		1 250 mm	1 250 mm
Resistance to impact	EN 12730 - A		15 kg	15 kg
Resistance to static loading	EN 12310-1	-30%	160/200 N	160/200 N
Resistance to tearing (nail shank) L/T	EN 1107-1	≤	-0.30/+0.10%	-0.30/+0.10%
Dimensional stability L/T	EN 1109 EN 1296-1109	≤	−15°C −10°C	−15°C −10°C
Flexibility to low temp. • after ageing	EN 1110 EN 1296-1110	≥ –10°C	100°C 90°C	100°C 90°C
Flow resist. at high temp. • after ageing	EN 1297		Test passed	_
UV ageing	EN 13501-1		E	E
Reaction to fire Euroclass	EN 13501-5		F roof	F roof
Thermal specifications				
Thermal conductivity			0.2 W/mK	0.2 W/mK
Heat capacity			5.20 KJ/K·m <sup>2</sup>	5.40 KJ/K·m²

Compliant with EN 13707 in terms of the resistance factor to steam penetration for reinforced polymer-bitumen membranes, the value of  $\mu = 20\,000$  may be considered, unless declared otherwise. (1) Thickness measured on the selvedge according to EN 1849-1, tolerance ±10%.

plication. This finish ensures excellent adhesion of water-and solvent-based paints and so there is no need to wait for any depletion of oxidation products on the bituminous surfaces.

If the membrane remains exposed, a light-coloured paint such as WHITE REFLEX, INDECOLOR COOL RE-FLEX or SOLARIS type is always recommended, especially if laid over insulation, both to reduce the thermal shock and to help to insulate the roof. The paint should be applied within a week of laying the membrane.

To prevent the detachment or non-uniformity of the paint applied to the central part of the membrane over time, where the Texflamina remains intact, compared to the paint applied close to the overlaps, where the Texflamina is affected by the reflection of the sealing flame, care must be taken to limit the extension of the reflection, possibly using a welding torch with a flat nozzle that can be placed under the overlap,or better still a hot air gun.

A version called MINERAL TESTUDO PLURI with the upper side coated with slate granules is also available. The slate is hot-bonded to the external layer in APPmodified bitumen, ensuring strong and lasting adhesion. In order to seal the membrane overlaps, the sheets are produced with a side strip of approx. 8 cm without slate granules on the upper side.

### **APPLICATION FIELDS**

**TESTUDO PLURI** is used to waterproof building roofs, for both new builds and renovations, as well as for waterproofing foundations.

TESTUDO PLURI is applied in single layers or as a finishing layer in a multi-layer system. The high mechanical strength, flexibility, thermal stability and durability of **TESTUDO PLURI** mean it can be used on roofs subject to considerable dimensional variations in both hot and cold climates.

Given its mainly elastomeric nature, even when bonded in total adhesion **TESTUDO PLURI** is resistant to the fatigue generated by the cyclical movements of cracks that open on the laying surface.

The strong seals obtained for both the side and end joints on the smooth upper side guarantee perfect bonding even on flat areas and in the presence of stagnant water.

**MINERAL TESTUDO PLURI** is used as the finishing layer for an exposed covering where its decorative effect can be appreciated.

Stated metricinese may change octure depending on the storage periods. The problem pase away within 2.3 months from laying and the ootboar enturn to hele original country. It is a physiological support of this type of metricare and cannot be the basis for a complexit. The same is the registring the manimum schedule of count on the current of the basis for a complexit. The same is the registring related in the country and the current or country is that can occur among the variously expressed areas of the covering based on the types of artificial douting.

# 化医多角 医白背 医白白白白

EMBOSSING FLAMINA. The embossing on the lower surfaces of the membranes finished with Flamina film makes it possible to lay the product precisely and quickly; forming a smooth surface when melted with the torch. It indicates the correct melting temperature and lets the film retract faster. The embossing also enables optimal vapour diffusion; in spot bonded and losse laid installation, in the points where it remains intact, preventing bilsters and swelling.

### **PRODUCT FINISHING**

TEXFLAMINA" PP NON-WOVEN. Multifunction, protection finishing materia nade up of a non-woven flame-melting synthetic-fibre fabric, coupled to the

"TEXFLAMINA" PP NON-WOVEN. Multifunction, protection finishing material made up of a non-woven flame-melting synthetic-fibre fabric, coupled to the upper face of the membrane. It prevents coils from sticking to the roll, improves foot traffic resistance during installation, enhances the adhesion of paints, glues and extends their life. SELF-PROTECTION WITH SLATE GRANULES. On the visible face of the membrane, a protective coating made up of slate granules of various colours is hot bonded. This mineral shield protects the membrane from ageing caused by UV rays.

• FOR ANY FURTHER INFORMATION OR ADVICE ON PARTICULAR APPLICATIONS, CONTACT OUR TECHNICAL OFFICE • IN ORDER TO CORRECTLY USE OUR PRODUCTS, REFER TO INDEX TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS •



5/2019ing-7/2019

020719